Work-Integrated Learning: A Strategy for Future Proofing the Global Economy

Dr. Norah McRae Associate Provost, Co-operative and Experiential Education University of Waterloo



WHY DO WE NEED TO FUTURE PROOF THE GLOBAL ECONOMY?

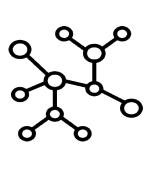
FUTURE CONDITIONS FACING US

Climate change, globalization, technological advancements and disruption, shifting economic and political landscapes, aging populations, social and economic divides has led to:

A "VUCA" WORLD







COMPLEXITY





SHIFTING TO INDUSTRY 4.0

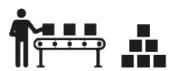


INDUSTRY 1.0

1760 - 1840

Mechanization, steam power, weaving loom

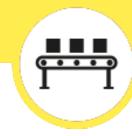




INDUSTRY 2.0

1870 - 1914

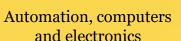
Mass production, assembly line, electrical energy





INDUSTRY 3.0

1969 - 2000







INDUSTRY 4.0

2000 - PRESENT

Cyber physical systems, internet of things, networks



5 BIG TRENDS:

- Fluid gigs (gig economy)
- Decentralized teams
- Motivation to work
- Lifelong learning
- Human augmented automation

Source: Forbes, July 2019





HOW CAN WORK-INTEGRATED LEARNING BE A STRATEGY?

A QUICK PRIMER...

EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING

Experiential learning is the process of learning through experience, and is more specifically defined as "learning through reflection on doing".



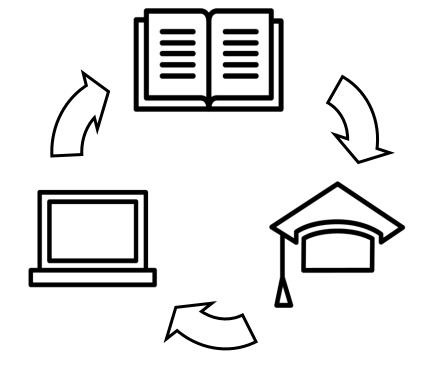


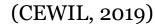
WORK-INTEGRATED LEARNING

Work-integrated learning (WIL) is a sub-set of experiential learning. WIL formally and intentionally integrates a student's academic studies with learning in a workplace or practice setting.

WIL experiences normally include an engaged partnership between an academic institution, a host

organization/employer and a student.







WILTHAT IS QUALITY, INTENSE AND MAKES AN IMPACT WILL HELP FUTURE PROOF OUR COUNTRIES FOR GLOBAL ECONOMIC SUCCESS.



...SO HOW DO WE GET THERE?

A QUALITY WIL FRAMEWORK:

AAA

FIRST: CLARITY AND QUALITY MATTER

This is key especially when there is an increased demand for WIL, and when we are unsure about what constitutes WIL – conflation with EL:

- Know what we are talking about
- Enable standards
- Allow for data collection and research
- Provide guidance for stakeholders
- Protect stakeholders



HOW DO YOU DEVELOP A QUALITY WIL FRAMEWORK?

Waterloo Centre for the Advancement of Co-operative Education (WatCACE)

- Literature review on quality in WIL and quality assurance frameworks
- Discussions with:
 - research team and experts in field
 - practitioners and leaders
 - stakeholders and advocates

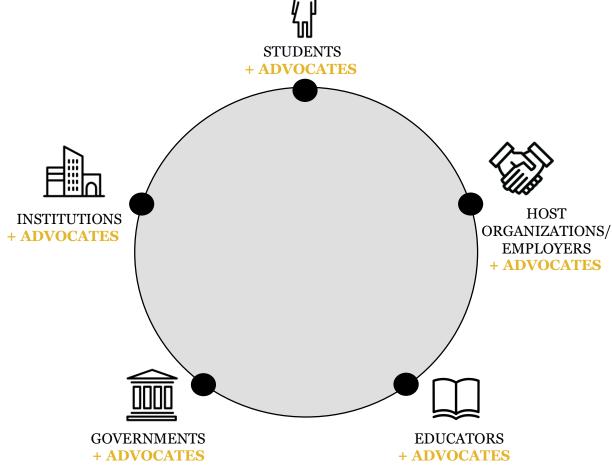
Publication of white paper November 2018



A QUALITY WIL FRAMEWORK:

AIMS ACTIONS ACHIEVEMENTS

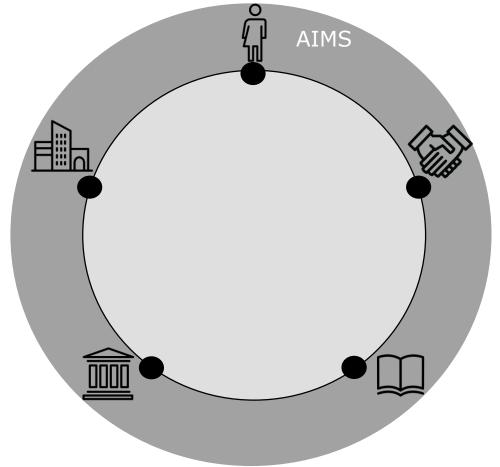
WHO ARE THE MAIN STAKEHOLDERS?







WHAT ARE THE AIMS FOR EACH STAKEHOLDER?



AAA*
AIMS



STUDENTS	INSTITUTIONS	GOVERNMENT
Hands-on learning	Recruitment	Graduate employability
Application of theory in practical settings	Retention	Community university connectivity
Development of technical, soft and meta skills	Engaging pedagogy	Closing the skills gap
Career and purpose clarity	Connections with industry and community	Economic development and productivity
Employability	Successful graduates and stronger alumni links	
Offset costs of education	Relevance to government and funders	



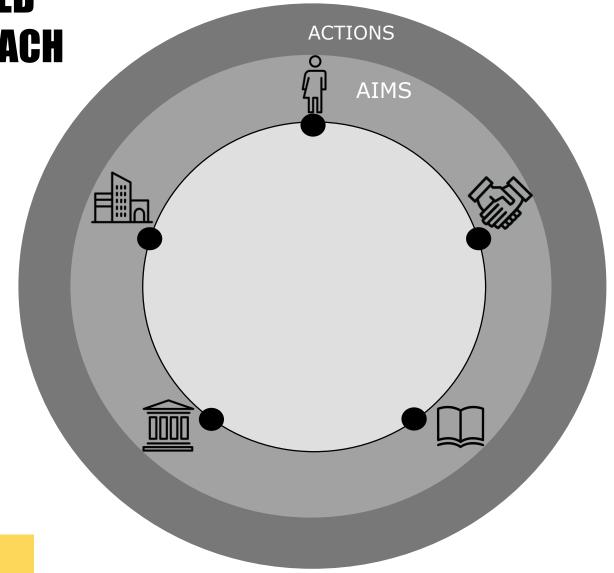


EMPLOYER	EDUCATOR
Recruitment of talent	Recruitment of talent
Exposure to current research, technology and ideas	Engagement in discipline
Engaging staff	Development of skills and personal capabilities that strengthen academic achievement
Innovation	Development of purpose and career clarity
Project completion	Opportunity to renew curriculum
Connections to academic institution	Connections to industry and community





WHAT ACTIONS NEED TO BE TAKEN TO REACH THE AIMS?







ACTIONS: P.E.A.R.

Pedagogy

Experience

Assessment

Reflection

Whatever the type of WIL program, the quality practices of P.E.A.R. apply to the actions.





ACTIO	N	TIMING	
PEDAGOGY	Before	Skill development related to job readiness and preparation for experience	
	During	Additional training/content to address needs during experience and job training	
	After	Next phase of content and technical skill development, additional skill training for further work experiences, career development and capstone	





ACTION	TIMING	
EXPERIENCE	Before	Student: needs to be identified, qualified and prepared for experience Host organization: needs to be sourced, vetted and prepared for the student Institution: identifies meaningful experiences and prepare students and employers
	During	Student: needs to engage in an ethical, responsible manner Host organization: needs to provide a supportive environment for the student experience Institution: needs to monitor quality of experience
	After	Student: completes required employer and institutional requirements for experience Host organization: meets obligations made to the student and institution Institution: follows up with student and host organization to ensure retention of quality experience on an ongoing basis





ACTION	TIMING	
ASSESSMENT	Before	Student and employer/host organization understand assessments to be conducted
	During	Learning goals established and learning and performance assessment conducted including by employer/host organization
	After	Required assessments completed, including those required by employer/host organization. The assessments recorded by Institution



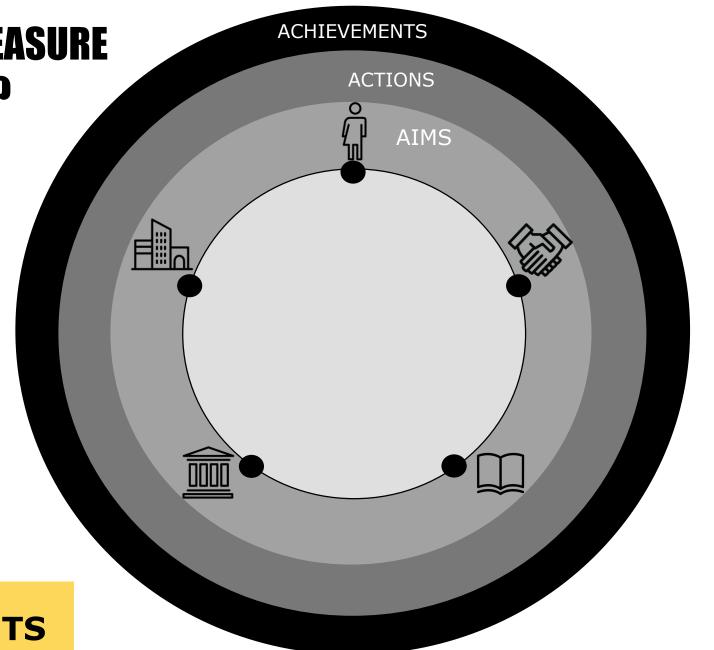


ACTION	TIMING	
REFLECTION	Before	Student reflects on what meaning they want to gain from the experience and then student identifies learning outcomes as appropriate for employer/host organization context
	During	Student reflects about experience while engaged Student identifies the development of learning outcomes, including those related to employability and career development
	After	Student reflects on the impact of the experience and their next steps including related to employability and career development





HOW DO YOU MEASURE ACHIEVEMENTS?







ACHIEVEMENT	EXAMPLE
PEDAGOGY	 Curriculum: before, during and after Number of courses Type of courses Development of technical and soft skills, including those related to employer/host organization needs Curricular mapping: how do the experiences map into the overall curriculum? Employer/industry input into curriculum may occur





ACHIEVEMENT	EXAMPLE
EXPERIENCE	 Number of students engaged Number of host organizations Number of experiences Successful completion Application, interview, employment rates Employability outcomes Recruitment and retention in labour market





ACHIEVEMENT	EXAMPLE
ASSESSMENT	 Identification of learning objectives Articulation of learning outcomes, including those related to employability Student learning measurements and reports, including connections to career Achievements related to impact on employers/host organizations





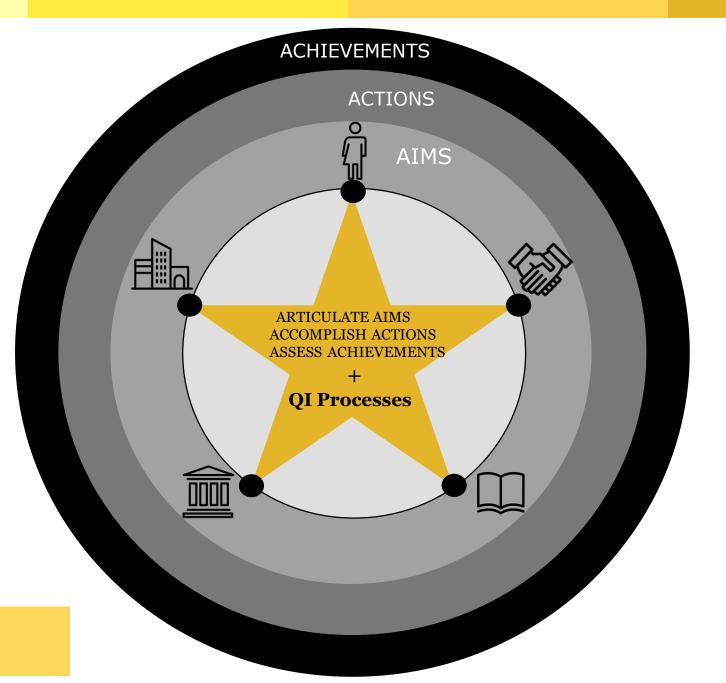
ACHIEVEMENT	EXAMPLE
REFLECTION	 Student reflection outcomes, including related to employability and career development Impact measurements, including related to employer/host organization talent recruitment and retention needs Development of habits of mind for lifelong learning





QUALITY WIL FRAMEWORK: AAA*

What continuous improvement processes are in place?







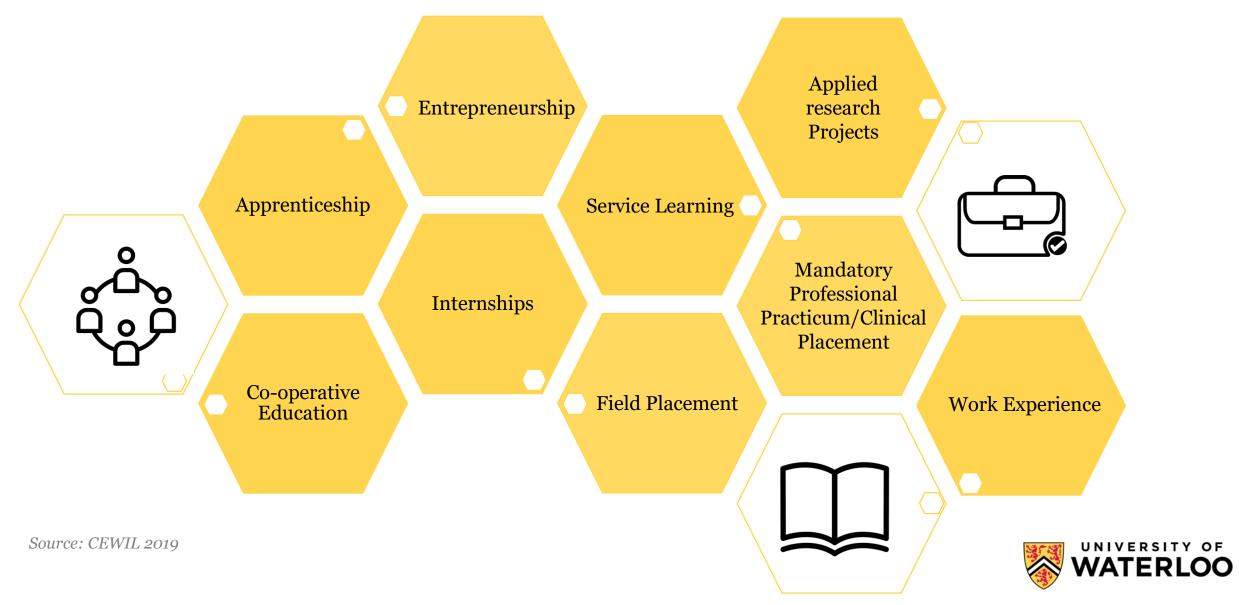
QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

- Student improvement (student achievement record)
- Program improvement (curricular renewal)
- Stakeholder engagement, including employer/host organization
- Use of data and data analytics, including as related to employer recruitment and retention
- Impact analysis for each stakeholder including for employer/host organization



HOW DO YOU MEASURE THE INTENSITY OF A WIL PROGRAM?

THE NINE TYPES OF WIL



NOT ALL WIL PROGRAMS ARE CREATED EQUAL

Each type of WIL requires different time in the workplace. Length of time in the experience is related to intensity of experience.

Time x Quality = Intensity of experience			
Time	Hours of time on task relationship to learning, development, outcomes and impact		
Quality practices	P.E.A.R. enacted by the three partners (students, educators, employers) before, during and after each experience		
Intensity	The amount of time and the application of quality practices (P.E.A.R.)		





HOW DO YOU MEASURE THE IMPACT OF A WIL PROGRAM?

VARYING LEARNING OUTCOMES OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF WIL

- Vocation specific skills
 - Apprenticeship
- Employability related capabilities
 - Co-operative Education
 - Internships
 - Work Experience
- Entrepreneurial mindset
 - Entrepreneurship
- Service to community mindset
 - Service learning

- Research skills
 - Applied research projects
- Profession specific skills
 - Mandatory Professional Practicum/Clinical Placement
- Discipline specific technical skills
 - Field placement



University of Waterloo's FUTURE READY TALENT FRAMEWORK



FUTURE READY TALENT

Expand & transfer expertise



- + Develop self
- + Build relationships
- + Design & deliver solutions

= Future Ready Talent





UNIVERSITY OF WATERLOO'S FUTURE READY TALENT FRAMEWORK

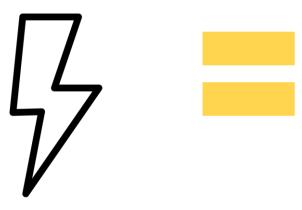
Expand + Transfer Expertise	Develop Self	Build Relationships	Design + Deliver Solutions
information & data literacy	self-assessment	communication	critical thinking
technological agility	self-management	collaboration	innovation mindset
context-specific knowledge & skills	life-long learning & career development	intercultural effectiveness	implementation

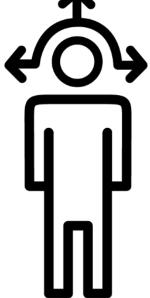


Learning Outcomes



Intensity





Learning Impact







DIFFERENCES IN WIL

Work-integrated learning can be categorized as nine types, all built upon quality practices (P.E.A.R.) but differences in:



How the quality practices are enacted



Cumulative time spent in the experience



Learning Outcomes



Reflection



Learning Impact



WIL PROGRAMS CAN FUTURE PROOF THE GLOBAL ECONOMY IF WE:











Invest in quality practices

Allow students
enough time in
these experiences to
strengthen
intensity, build
resilience and ROI

Focus learning outcomes on preparing students for the future of work

Position reflection as developing habits of mind for lifelong learning Appreciate and integrate the impact from their learning into our institutions and workplaces

& continuously adapt to the needs of all stakeholders



WE NEED QUALITY, INTENSE WIL PROGRAMS THAT MAKE AN IMPACT.



Thank you!

Contact me: norah.mcrae@uwaterloo.ca

Find me on LinkedIn: Norah McRae

Follow me on Twitter: @norahmcrae

